

Wednesday 25 Nov 2020

SPENDING REVIEW 2020

Following the conclusion of the Chancellor's statement to the House on the Spending Review, please find below materials relevant to today's announcement.

1. The national press notice providing further details on today's announcement (below).
2. The Spending Review document in PDF form: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/spending-review-2020-documents>
3. The OBR's economic and fiscal outlook: <https://obr.uk/efo/economic-and-fiscal-outlook-november-2020/>
4. A checked against delivery version of the Chancellor's statement. This may take a short while to go live: <https://www.gov.uk/government/speeches/spending-review-2020-speech>
5. The Spending Review topical page which contains links to all documents relevant to the Spending Review: <https://www.gov.uk/government/topical-events/spending-review-2020>

SPENDING REVIEW TO FIGHT VIRUS, DELIVER PROMISES AND INVEST IN UK'S RECOVERY

- Billions of pounds to help tackle Covid-19 next year
- Increased funding to deliver stronger public services
- £100 billion capital spending including infrastructure to drive UK's recovery and support jobs

THE UK Government will provide billions of pounds in the fight against coronavirus, deliver on the promises it has made to the British people and invest in the UK's recovery, the Chancellor announced today.

Delivering the Spending Review, Rishi Sunak said his immediate priority was to protect people's lives and livelihoods as the country continues to battle the outbreak - allocating £55 billion to tackle the virus next year.

He also set out how the Government would deliver stronger public services – honouring the promises it made to the British people with core day-to-day departmental spending growing by £14.8 billion in cash terms next year compared to 2020/21. From 2019/20 levels, that is an average growth of 3.8% a year, the fastest rate in 15 years.

The Chancellor also announced how the Government would deliver the next stages of its record investment plans in infrastructure to drive the UK's recovery and level up for a greener, stronger future with £100 billion of capital spending next year and a £4 billion Levelling Up Fund.

Setting out the budgets for Government departments and devolved administrations' block grants for 2021/21, the Chancellor of the Exchequer Rishi Sunak said:

“Today's Spending Review delivers on the priorities of the British people. Our health emergency is not yet over, and the economic emergency has only just begun; so our immediate priority is to protect people's lives and livelihoods.

“But today's Spending Review also delivers stronger public services - paying for new hospitals, better schools and safer streets. And it delivers a once-in-a-generation investment in infrastructure. Creating jobs, growing the economy, and increasing pride in the places people call home.”

Covid-19 support

The Spending Review builds on the unprecedented action already provided to tackle the pandemic so far. It confirms an additional £38 billion for public services to

continue to fight the pandemic this year, and a further £55 billion to departments to respond to Covid-19 next year, including £2.6 billion for the devolved administrations.

Investment targeted at controlling and suppressing the virus - and saving lives - includes funding to enhance testing capacity, purchase vaccines, increase supply of key Covid-19 medicines, and purchase and distribute PPE.

Targeted funding is also being provided to support vital public services to help them meet and recover from the challenges of Covid. This includes money to help the NHS recover and address delayed treatments, extra funding for local authorities, support for transport, and funding to help the justice system address backlogs.

Investing in public services and delivering promises

Delivering real-world improvements to the day-to-day services provided by public services is at the heart of the Government's vision to rebuild for a stronger future. The Spending Review delivers on the Government's promises to support a high quality, resilient healthcare system, level up education standards, continue tackling crime to keep people safe, and support local authorities in their efforts to serve local communities. This includes:

- A £6.3 billion cash increase in NHS spending in 2021-22, compared to 2020-21, as well as funding to invest in new diagnostic equipment, support training for the NHS workforce, refurbish and maintain infrastructure, and eradicate mental health dormitories. This is in addition to £3 billion of investment to support NHS recovery.
- A £2.2 billion uplift for the core schools' budget in 2021-22 compared to 2020-21 levels of funding. In addition, the Spending Review will fund investment in Further Education, continue delivering opportunities for lifelong learning, and fund the Holiday Activities and Food programme to provide enriching activities and a healthy meal for disadvantaged children in the Easter, Summer and Christmas holidays in 2021.

- An additional £400 million to help recruit 20,000 additional police officers by 2023, with 6,000 new officers in 2021-22, £63 million to tackle economic crime, and £337m extra funding for the criminal justice system, along with establishing a world-leading Counter Terrorism Operations Centre.
- Increasing core spending power for local authorities by an estimated 4.5 per cent in cash terms, along with over £3 billion of additional Covid 19 support and an extra £254 million of funding to tackle homelessness and rough sleeping.

Throughout the pandemic the government have provided an unprecedented economic support package to protect and create jobs. The Spending Review builds on this by investing an additional £3.6 billion to build on commitments made in the Plan for Jobs.

This includes the new 3-year £2.9 billion Restart scheme to help more than one million unemployed people find work.

Building back better

The Spending review announces the next phase of the government's infrastructure revolution with £100 billion of capital expenditure next year, to kickstart growth and support hundreds of thousands of jobs. It gives multi-year funding certainty for select projects – such as school and hospital rebuilding, housing and transport schemes – and targets additional investment in areas which will improve the UK's competitiveness in the long-term, backing new investments in cutting-edge research and clean energy sources, investing in a greener future by delivering against the Prime Minister's ten-point plan for climate change.

The Chancellor also set out plans to further the levelling up agenda by launching a new £4 billion Levelling Up Fund that will invest in local infrastructure that has a visible impact on people and their communities and will support economic recovery. A refreshed Green Book will also better link projects and programmes to Government objectives, including on levelling up and Net Zero.

This is supported by the new National Infrastructure Strategy outlining the Government's long-term vision for infrastructure investment, and a new UK infrastructure bank - headquartered in the north of England - to work with the private sector to finance major new investment projects across the UK. And to ensure that Government policies that have the most impact on levelling-up are created by those living in communities outside of London and the South East, the Treasury will set up its Northern headquarters next year. This is part of a wider work that will see thousands of civil servants move to the regions and nations of the UK.

To help people with their finances, the Chancellor also announced an increase in the National Living Wage, by 2.2% to £8.91 an hour from April 2021, likely benefiting around two million of the lowest paid. Alongside that, 2.1 million public sector workers who earn below the median wage of £24,000 will be guaranteed a pay rise of at least £250. And to help businesses, the business rates multiplier will be frozen in 2021-22, saving businesses in England £575 million over the next five years.

The Spending Review also strengthens the UK's place in the world as open and outward-looking, leading in solving the world's toughest problems. The UK will spend the equivalent of 0.5% of national income as overseas aid in 2021. The Spending Review therefore provides £10 billion of Official Development Assistance (ODA) in 2021-22. This will ensure the UK remains one of the largest overseas aid donors in the world.

And to provide security not just for the UK but also around the world, the Chancellor also confirmed the announcement made by the Prime Minister which will see over £24 billion of investment in defence, the biggest sustained increase in 30 years.

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Notes to editors

Further information on projects funded by capital spending next year:

- Almost £19 billion of transport investment next year, including £1.7 billion for local roads maintenance and upgrades.
- Significant increases in research and development (R&D) with almost £15 billion in 2021-22 including funding for clinical research to support delivery of new drugs, treatments and vaccines.
- £4.2 billion for NHS operational investment next year to allow hospitals to refurbish and maintain their infrastructure, and £325 million of new investment in NHS diagnostics equipment to improve clinical outcomes.
- Over £260 million to continue the transformative digital infrastructure programmes, including the Shared Rural Network for 4G coverage, Local Full Fibre Networks, and the 5G Diversification and Testbeds and Trials Programmes.

Multi-year funding to deliver:

- A step-change in investment to tackle climate change and deliver the Prime Minister's Ten Point Plan for a Green Industrial Revolution, including funding for electric vehicle charging infrastructure, and new Carbon Capture and Storage (CCS) clusters by 2030.
- Over £58 billion of investment confirmed for road and rail, levelling up across the country.
- Nearly £20 billion of investment underpinning the Government's long-term housing strategy, including £7.1 billion for a National Home Building Fund and confirming over £12 billion for the Affordable Homes Programme.
- A multi-billion capital investment to deliver the Government's commitments on building 40 hospitals by 2030, rebuilding 500 schools over the next decade, and delivering 18,000 modern prison places across England and Wales by the mid-2020s.
- A doubling of flood and coastal defence investment across England investing £5.2 billion over six years.

- £1.2 billion to subsidise the rollout of gigabit-capable broadband, as part of the Government's £5 billion commitment to support rollout to the hardest-to-reach areas of the UK.
- Over £22 billion of funding for High Speed 2, Europe's largest construction project.